California Housing Issues & Assistance Delivery

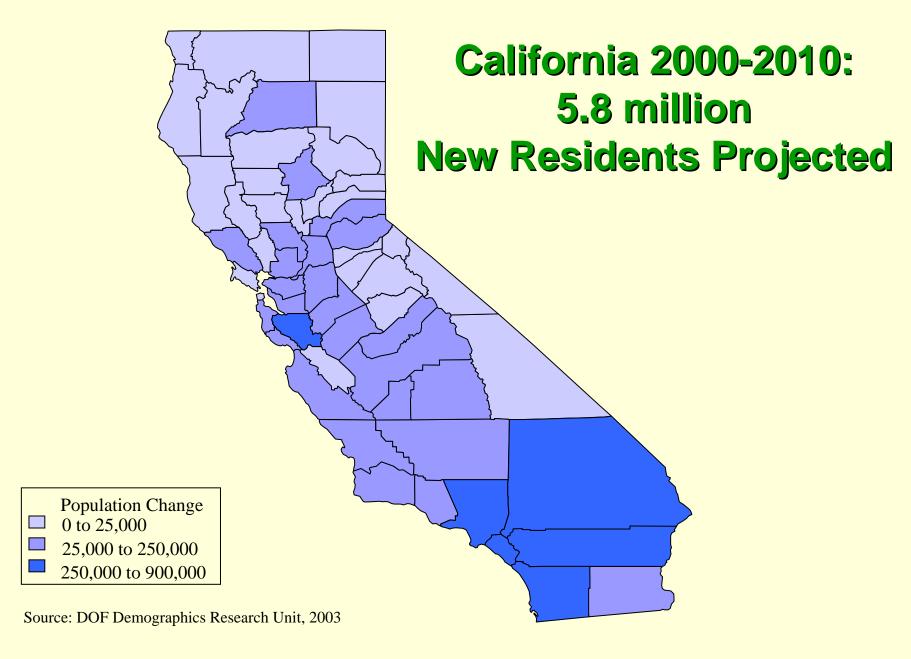
Linda M. Wheaton, Assistant Deputy Director, Housing Policy Presentation for the Affordable Housing Workshop of the California Energy Commission & California Public Utilities Commission June 13, 2006





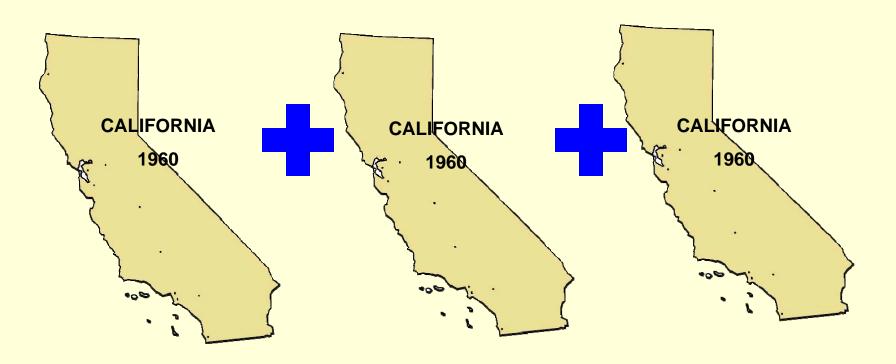
Housing Demand Influences

- Strong Population Growth & demographic change
- Inadequate Housing Supplies
- Declining Affordability
- Favorable Mortgage Rates
- Employment growth



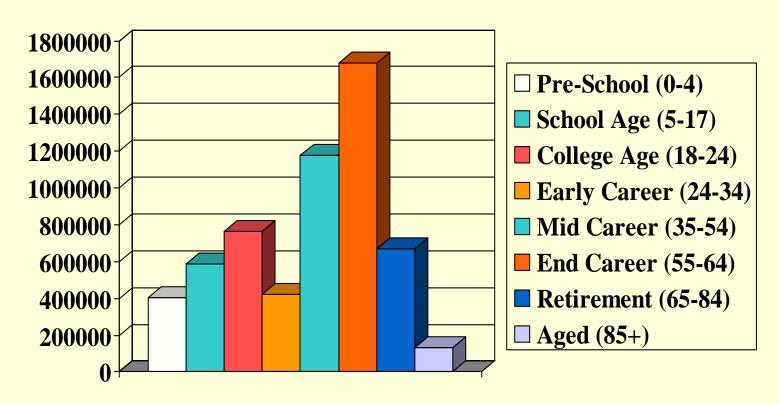
Housing Will be Needed for Many More Californians . . .

CALIFORNIA in 2020 =



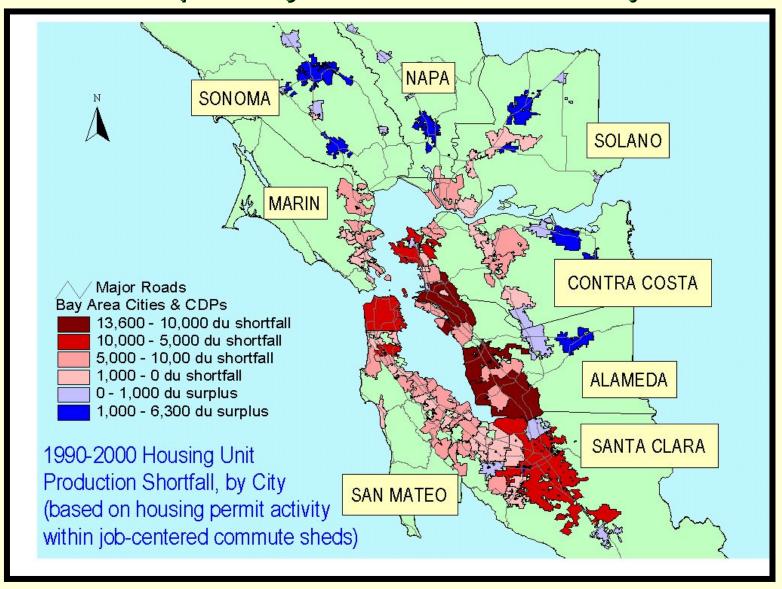
Source: D. Myers, USC, 2002 State of CA Dept. of Housing & Community Development

CALIFORNIA'S Projected Growth 2000 - 2010 by Age Cohort



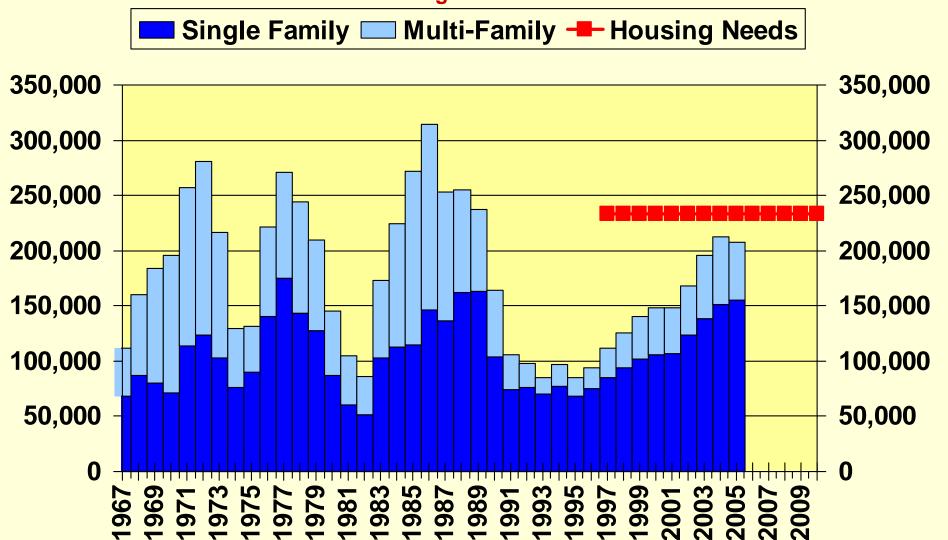
Source: DOF Demographic Research Unit, 2004

Shortfalls are especially acute near coastal job centers

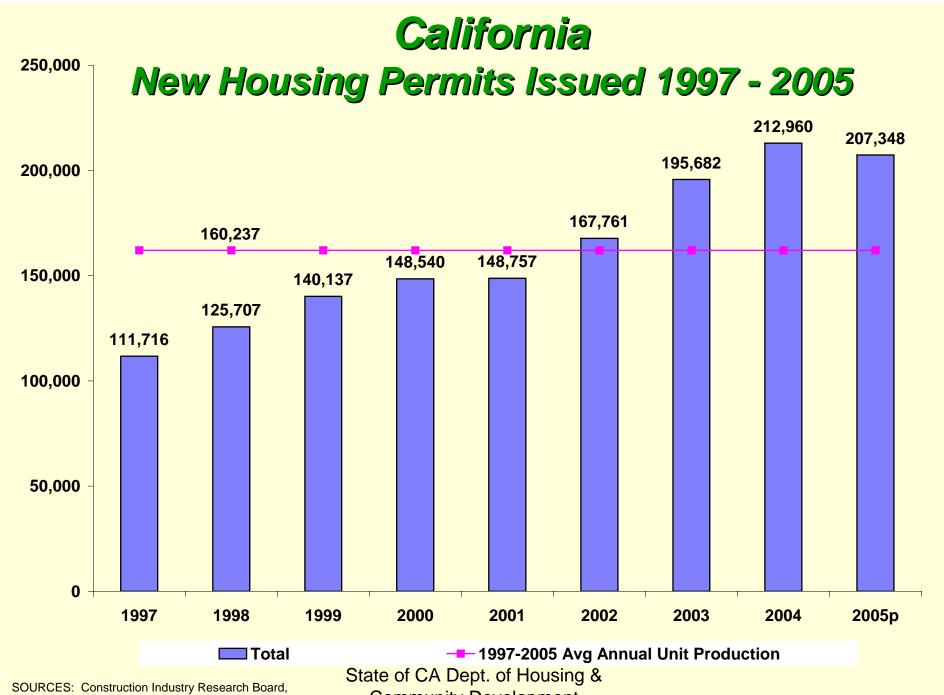


California New Housing Permits 1967 - 2005

New Housing Permits Below Need



SOURCES: CAR; Construction Industry Research Board; CSHP

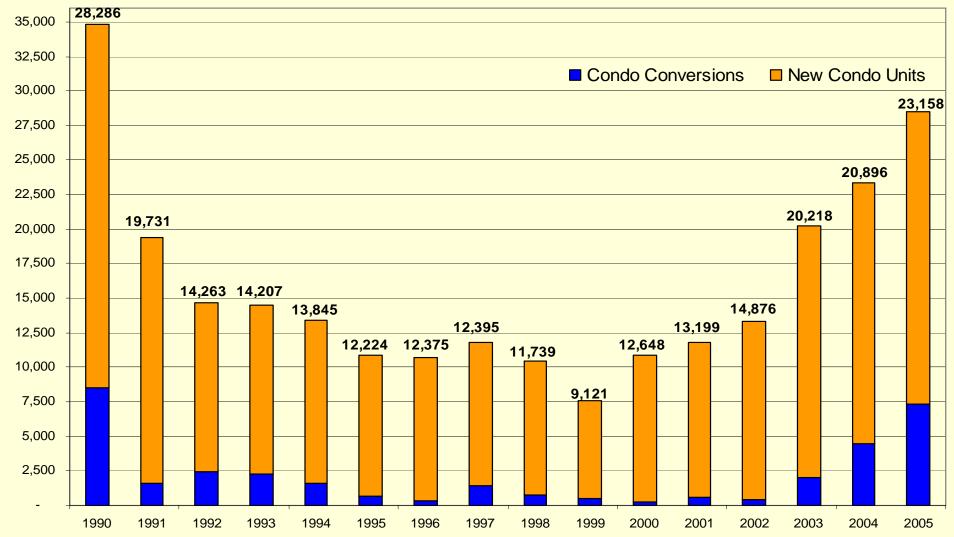


January 27, 2006; Graphic representation by HCD.

Community Development

Growing Condo Activity

California's New Condominium Units & Units Converted 1990 - 2005



*Values on the chart represents the total of new condominium units and units converted for the specific year.

State of CA Dept. of Housing &

SOURCE: CA Dept. of Real Estate, Feb. 2006

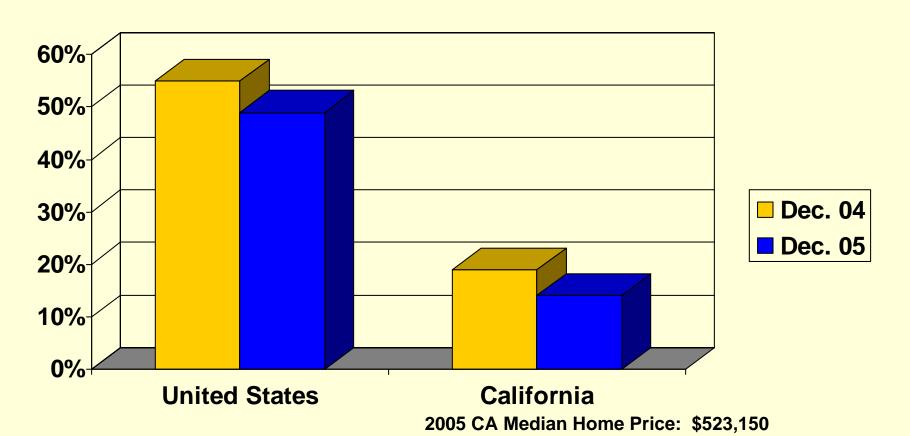
Community Development

Housing Supply Shortages Impact Housing Affordability



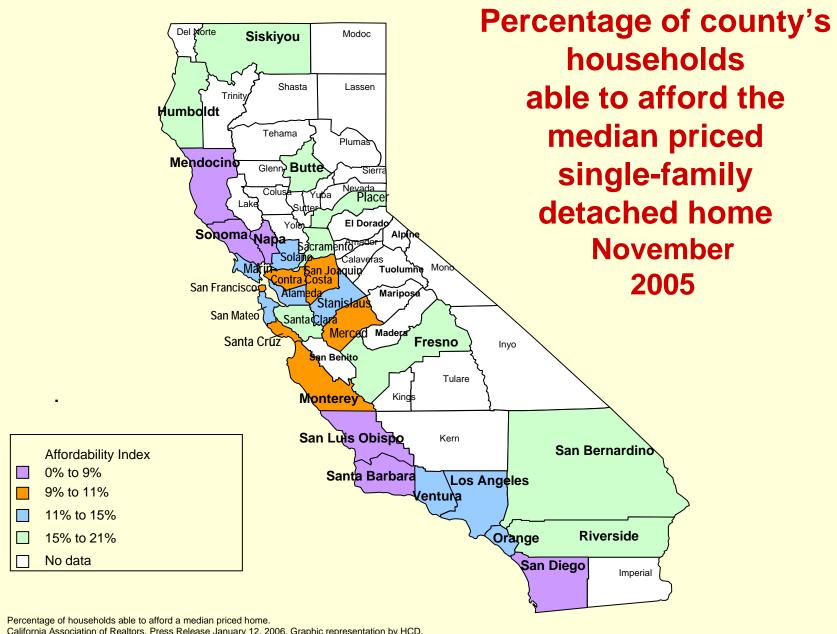
Modified from presentation by Professor John Landis, UC Berkeley, 2001

California Housing Affordability Index December 2004 – December 2005



Percentage of households able to afford a median-priced detached home.

Source: California Association of REALTORS® (C.A.R.), Press Release Thursday, February 9, 2006; also see Press Release Dec. 28, 2006 for 2005 CA median Home Price; Graphic representation by HCD.



California Association of Realtors, Press Release January 12, 2006. Graphic representation by HCD.

Appreciating Home Prices 2000-2005

Select Counties:	Dec 2000	Dec 2005	5yr % Change*
Sacramento County	\$157,000	\$375,000	42%
San Francisco County	\$525,000	\$750,000	70%
Fresno County	\$90,500	\$280,750	32%
Los Angeles	\$198,500	\$495,000	40%
Riverside County	\$176,000	\$412,500	43%
San Diego County	\$255,000	\$510,000	50%

^{*}without adjustment for inflation

The price statistics are derived from all types of home sale – new and exiting, condos, and single-family.

Source: California Association of REALTORS® (C.A.R.), Trends in California Real Estate, Vol. 23, Num. 1, Jan. 2002 and Val. 27, Num. 1, Jan. 2006

Data representation by HCD

State of CA Dept. of Housing &

Median Sales prices, May 2006 California: \$562,380

 Sacramento County 	\$	371,360
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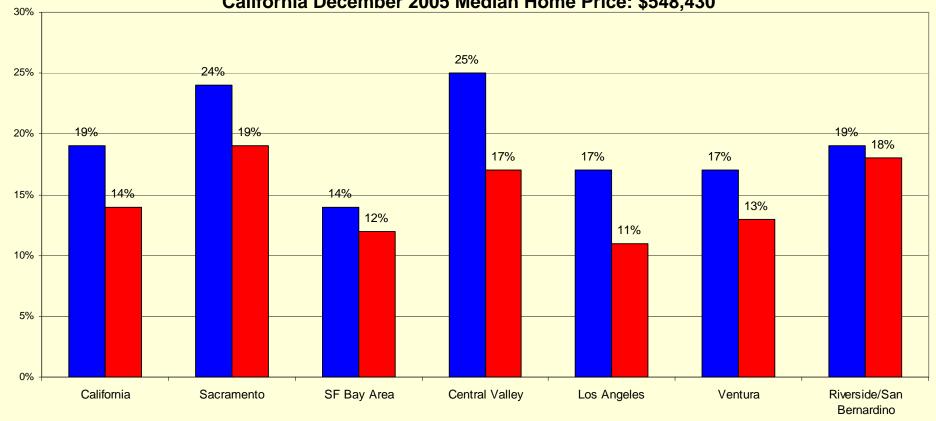
- Riverside County \$ 394,220
- San Diego County \$ 601,070

California Ass'n. of Realtors, 5/06

Housing Affordability Index by Region

December 2004 – December 2005

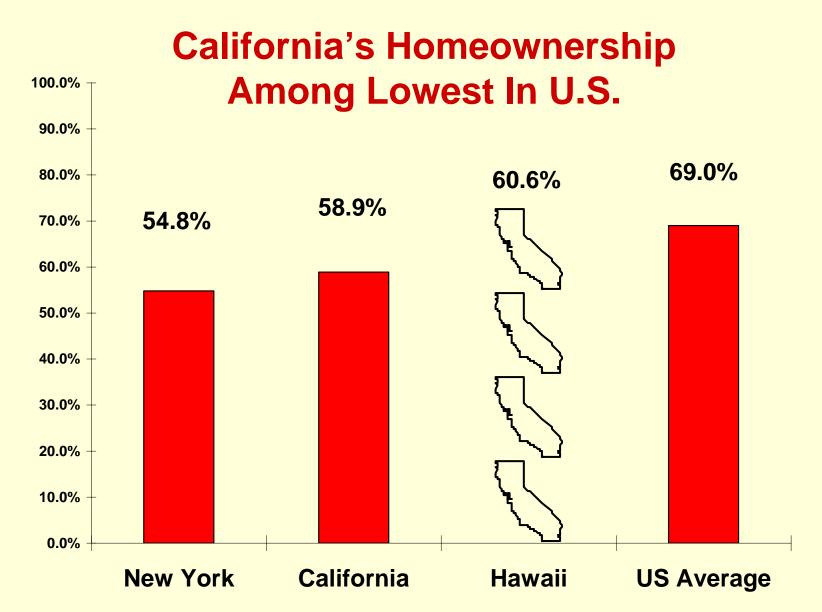
California December 2005 Median Home Price: \$548.430



■ Dec. 04 ■ Dec. 05

Percentage of households able to afford a median-priced detached home

Source: California Association of REALTORS® (C.A.R.), Press Release Thursday, February 9, 2006; Graphic representation by HCD. November 2005 Median Home Price represented from CAR Press Release Jan. 25, 2006



Source: US Census, Annual Statistics: 2004 Table 13. Homeownership Rates by State: 1984 to 2004; Graphic representation by HCD.

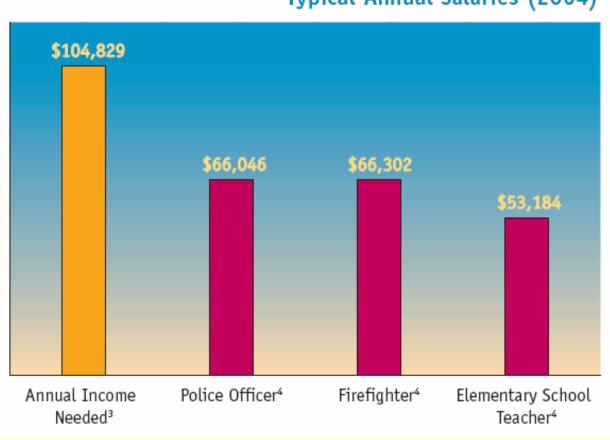
Wage Gaps – the cost of a two-bedroom unit

- California is second only to Massachusetts in term the hourly wage needed to afford a two bedroom apartment at fair market rent (FMR).
- A worker earning minimum wage (\$6.75 per hour) must work 126 hours per week in order to afford the average two-bedroom unit.
- The Housing Wage in California is \$21.24; this is the amount a full time (40 hours per week) worker must earn per hour in order to afford the average two-bedroom unit, and is more than three times (315%) the minimum wage.

Wages and the Cost of Housing in Los Angeles County: Homeownership

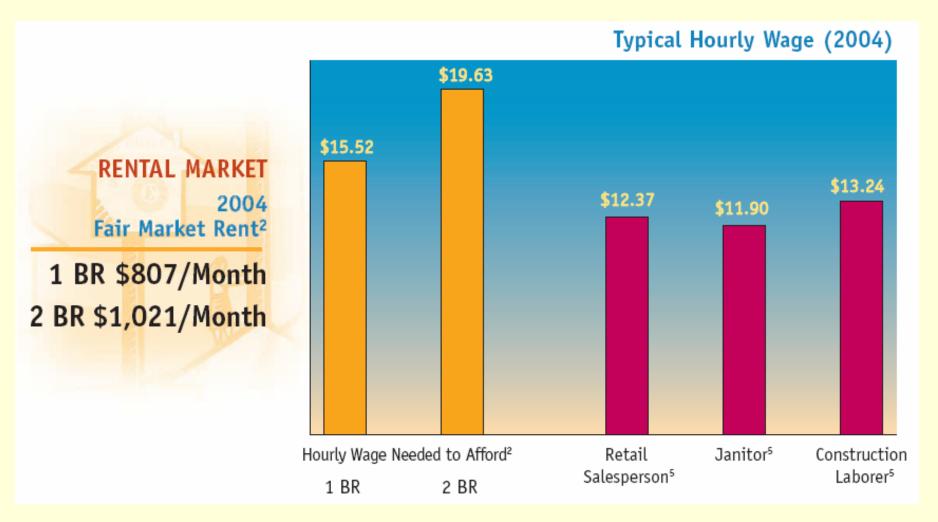






Source: 2004 NACo "Paycheck to paycheck: Wages and the cost of Housing in the counties, 2004

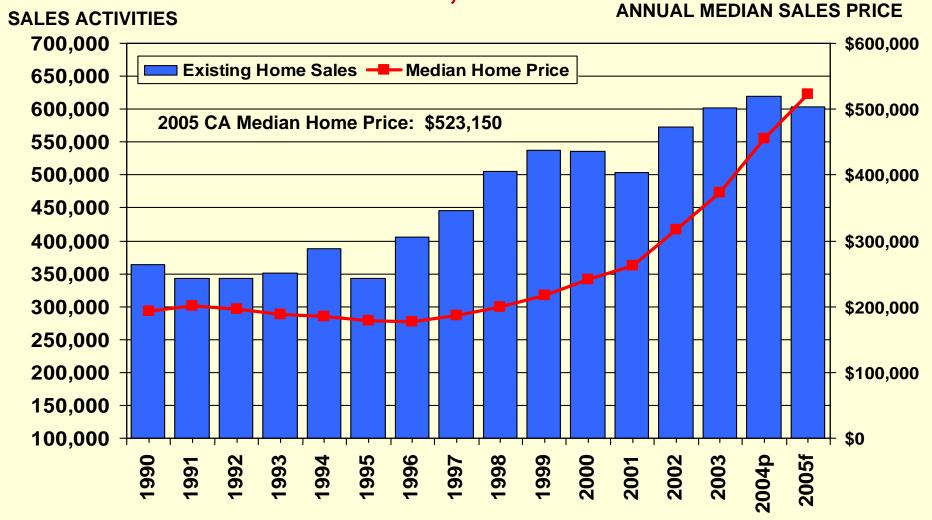
Wages vs, the Cost of Housing in Los Angeles County: Rental Housing



Source: 2004 NACo "Paycheck to paycheck: Wages and the cost of Housing in the counties, 2004

Sales and Median Home Price

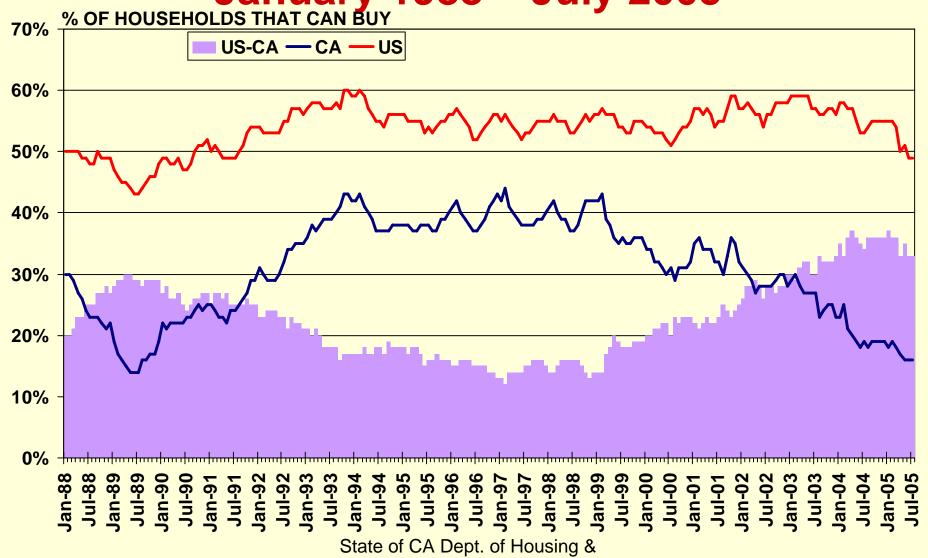
California, 1990-2005f



State of CA Dept. of Housing & Community Development

SOURCE: California Association of REALTORS®

Housing Affordability Index: US vs. CA January 1988 – July 2005 **OF HOUSEHOLDS THAT CAN BUY



Shares of CA Households by Household Income Levels with Housing Costs > 50% & >30%

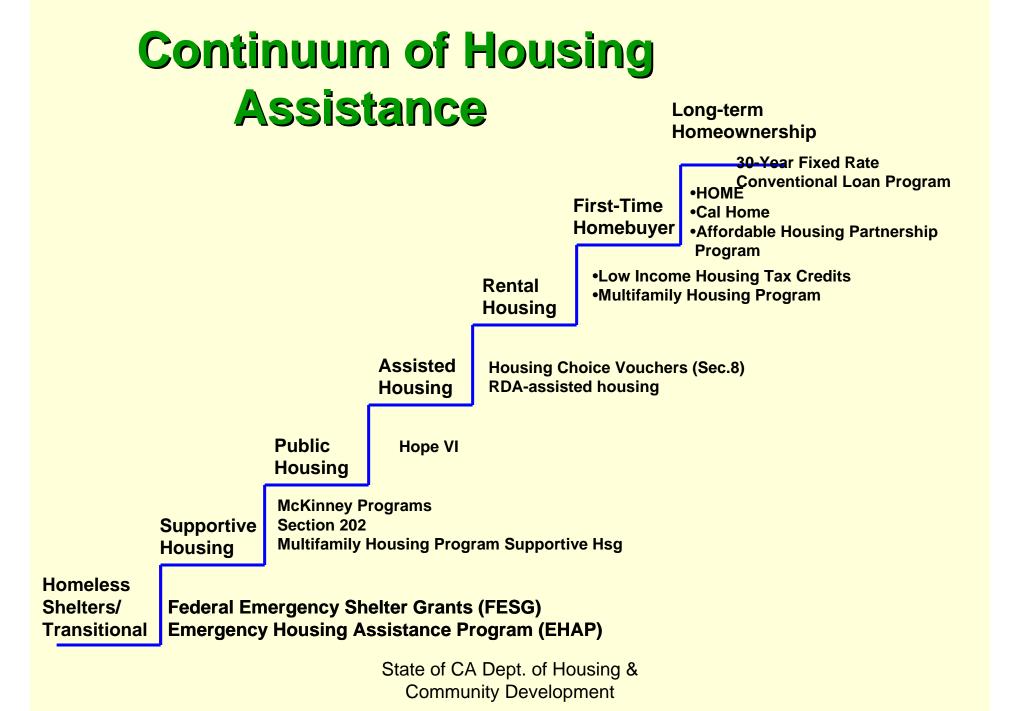
		emely Low le HHs	Very Low- Income HHs		Low-Income HHs		Total Households	
	>50%	>30%	>50%	>30 %	>50%	>30%	>50%	>30%
Rental	63.7%	76.7%	30.0%	75.5%	6.70%	42.8%	19.5%	40.3%
Owner	58.0%	71.3%	39.2%	60.9%	22.00%	51.4%	11.7%	30.1%
Total HHs	62.1%	75.2%	33.4%	69.9%	13.70%	46.7%	15.0%	34.5%

Percentage of Households

0-30%	
30-50%	
50-80%	
80-100%	

E.g., 63.7% of Extremely Low Inc. Renter Households pay > 50% of inc. for housing

Source: HUD, State of the Cities Data Systems: Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) Data, Census 2000.

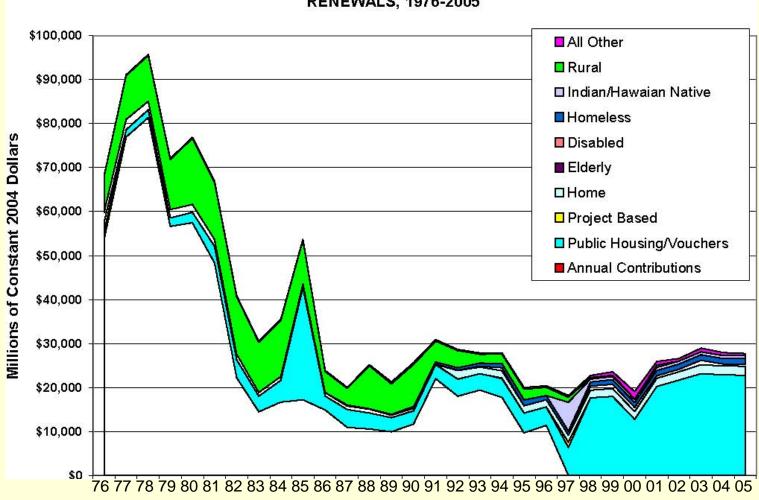


There are Many Players Involved in Housing Assistance

Most significantly, the federal government
Although with diminishing resources

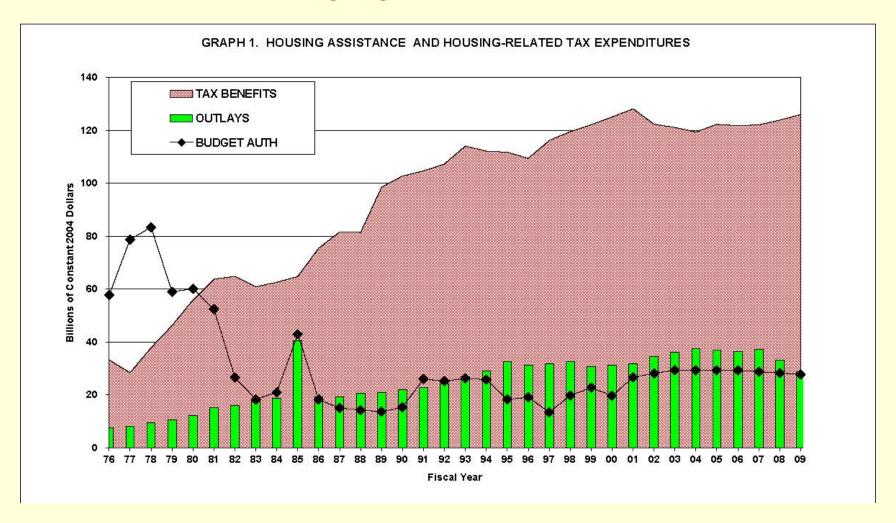
FUNDING AND SPENDING TRENDS FOR LOW INCOME HOUSING PROGRAMS

GRAPH 12. BUDGET AUTHORITY FOR LOW INCOME HOUSING PROGRAMS, INCLUDING RENEWALS, 1976-2005



Fiscal Year

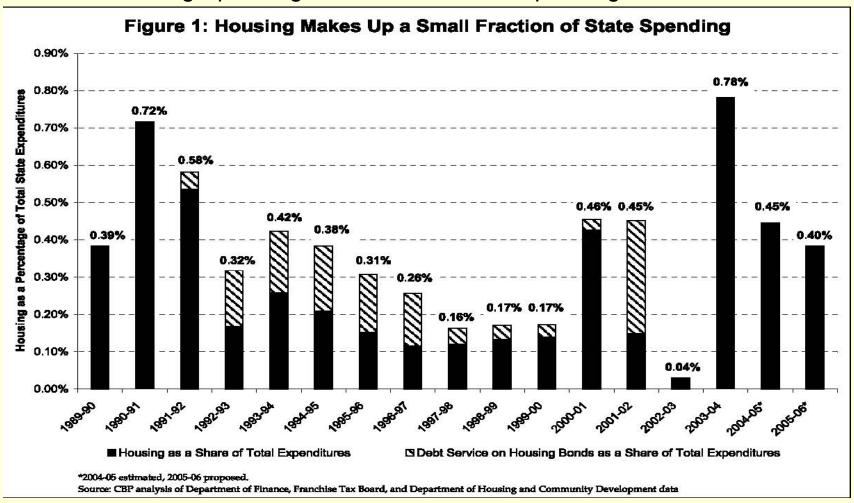
THE FEDERAL BUDGET: HOUSING ASSISTANCE AND HOUSING-RELATED TAX EXPENDITURES



Source: National Low Income Housing Coalition; Changing Priorities The Federal Budget and Housing Assistance 1976 – 2005

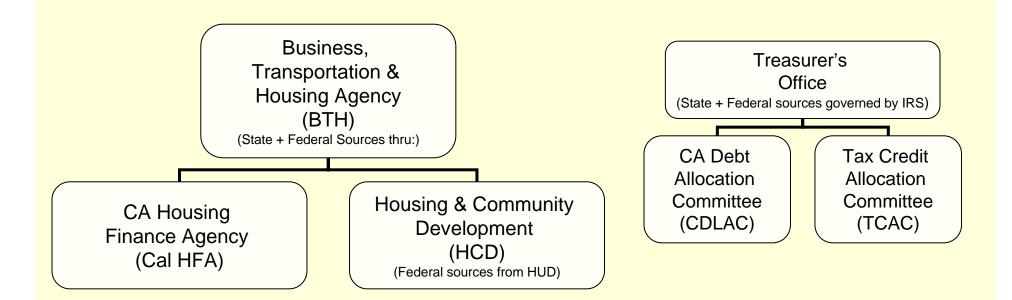
HOW MUCH DOES CA'S STATE GOVERNMENT SPEND ON HOUSING?

Housing Spending as a Share of Total Spending

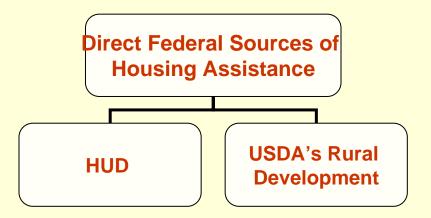


Source: California Budget Project, A Primer on California's Housing Programs, July 1, 2005

State Housing Assistance is Available on Competitive Basis



Housing Assistance



Eligible entities vary by program:

- cities and counties
- nonprofit developers
- for-profit developers

Local Housing Agencies

- Housing Authorities:
 - Housing Choice Voucher Program & Public Housing
- Redevelopment Agencies:
 Low & Moderate Income Housing Funds
- Housing & Community Development
 Departments (federal block grant funds, local trust funds)

Strong State Role in Land Use re: Housing in California

The California Legislature & courts have repeatedly indicated in statute & case law that housing is an issue of statewide concern

Major Housing Principles of State Law

- All 535 local governments are responsible for planning to accommodate both resident population and growth in new households that are expected to reside within the area through periodic updates of general plan housing elements
- ➤ Housing elements must include adequate provision for housing needs for households of all incomes, a.k.a. "fair share planning," including low and moderate income households: regional housing need allocations

Regional Housing Needs Allocations are subject to these statutory objectives:

- Increasing housing supply & mix of housing types, tenure & affordability
- Promoting infill development & socioeconomic equity, protection of environmental & agricultural resources, & encouraging efficient development patterns
- 3. Promoting improved intraregional jobs-housing relationship
- 4. Balancing disproportionate household income distributions

Housing Element: Key Statutory Provisions

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- Review of Previous Element and Public Participation
- Housing Needs Assessment: Existing and Projected Housing Needs
- Inventory of Resources including Land and Financing
- Potential Local Governmental Constraints
- Goals, Policies and Implementation Actions, le.g., energy conservation

Local Housing Planning Framework

 State/Federal requirements for Local Plans (Con Plans, C of C Plans, etc) Housing

- Housing Element Law
- Least Cost Zoning Law
- Redevelopment Law
- Second Unit Law
- State Density Bonus Law
- Anti-NIMBY law
- Fair Housing Law

Affordable housing development is often subject to extensive land-use based as well as financing-based criteria.

Redevelopment Agencies Low and Moderate Income Housing Funds

Often account for largest amounts of available funds at the local level

Housing Requirements of RDA Law

- Expend tax increment to increase & improve supply of low & moderate income housing
- 2. Replace low & moderate income housing destroyed as a result of an RDA project
- 3. Portion of housing constructed within RDA project areas must be affordable to low & moderate income households

RDA Project Area Housing Production Requirement

1. Housing developed/rehabbed by an RDA in a project area

30% of these units must be affordable to low-mod. HHs; 50% of these units must be affordable to very low income HHs; or 15% (50% of 30%) of the project area units developed/rehabbed by the RDA

2. Other Project Area Production
Six % of units developed/rehabbed by entities other than the RDA must be affordable to low & moderate income HHs

Redevelopment Agencies Low and Moderate Income Funds (FY 04-05)

- Ending Equity: \$3 Billion
- Deposits: \$1.2 Billion
 (\$700 million is 20% set-aside of property taxes)
- Expenditures: \$960 Million
- Households Assisted: 17,134
 - Very-Low Inc.: 9,118 (53%)
 - > Low Inc.: 6,073 (36%)
 - ➤ Moderate Inc. : 1,943 (11%)

Proposition 46 (2002): \$2.1 Billion

The largest housing bond in the nation

As of January 2006, the State had awarded over

\$1.3 BILLION Dollars

to create, incentivize, or reward over 83,300 affordable rental or owner occupied homes and shelter spaces.

HCD programs have funded about 66,800 housing opportunities for those most in need

Major Proposition 46 Funded Programs

- CalHome
- Multifamily Housing Program
- Emergency Housing and Assistance Program
- Exterior Accessibility Grants for Renters
- Joe Serna, Jr. Farmworker Housing Grant
- Local Housing Trust Funds
- Governor's Homeless Initiati
- Preservation
- Workforce Housing Reward

The Strategic Growth Plan Housing Proposal November 2006 Ballot Initiative

Would authorize \$2.85 billion dollars in general obligation bond financing for the provision of homeownership, rental, and permanent housing opportunities

- \$1.8 billion would be designated to provide homes and shelter for 32,000 families or individuals and would leverage an additional \$8.9 billion in other private and local funding.
- \$850 million would be designated for regional planning, housing, and infill.
- \$200 million would be designated for urban, suburban, and rural parks.



California Department of Housing and Community Development Housing Policy Division www.hcd.ca.gov